

25. Teams of horse-drawn chariots competed in the A) Circus Maximus B) basilica C) Cūria D) thermae
26. If you receive a **per diem** salary, you are paid A) daily B) monthly C) yearly D) weekly
27. Their parents were Mars and Rhea Silvia, but a wolf nursed them in infancy. Who were they? A) Neptune and Pluto B) Jupiter and Juno C) Apollo and Diana D) Romulus and Remus
28. In the story of Jason and the Argonauts, the Harpies were malodorous creatures. A) powerful B) timid C) beautiful D) bad-smelling
29. The famous Roman orator Cicero wrote essays, speeches, letters, and so forth. A) Nota Bene B) id est C) et cetera D) Post Scriptum
30. When your teacher says, “**Ambulā ad iānuam**,” you should A) go to the blackboard B) walk to the door C) put down your pen D) finish your test

READ THE STORY AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS.

AN ENEMY COMFORTS A GRIEVING FATHER

The greatest of the Greek fighters, Achilles, has just killed Hector, the Trojan son of King Priam. In the speech that follows, Achilles is trying to comfort the aged King about the death of his son:

“Deī fāta hominum volvunt. Iuppiter duās magnās urnās in Monte Olympō habet. In urnīs sunt dōna. Ūna urna habet beneficia, sed secunda urna habet dolōrēs. Iuppiter urnās movet et dōna miscet. Iuppiter virō beneficia et dolōrēs dabit.

“Ōlim, senex, erās laetus et pater multōrum filiōrum. Sed nunc Iuppiter tibi bellum longum et mortem filiōrum tuōrum dat. Lacrimae Hectōrem nōn referent. Mox Iuppiter tibi beneficia iterum dabit; tum tibi dolōrēs iterum dabit.”

- 1 **fāta hominum** = the fates of men; **volvunt** = roll out;
Iuppiter = Jupiter; **urna** = pitcher, urn
 3 **beneficia** = favors; **dolōrēs** = sorrows
 4 **miscet** = mixes
 5 **senex** = old man
 6
 7 **Lacrimae** = tears; **referent** = will bring back
 8 **iterum** = again

31. According to line 1, who rolls out the fates of men? A) Priam B) Achilles C) men D) the gods
32. How many urns are there? A) two B) three C) four D) five
33. Where are the urns? A) in Troy B) in Athens C) on Mt. Olympus D) in the Underworld
34. The first urn holds A) old wine B) offerings to the gods C) Jupiter’s lightning bolts D) Jupiter’s favors
35. According to line 4, when Jupiter hands out his gifts, he A) throws lightning and thunderbolts B) gives both favors and sorrows C) rewards good people D) shakes the sky
36. The best translation of **dabit** in line 4 is A) will give B) gives C) used to give D) to give
37. According to line 5, once upon a time, Priam was happy and A) ruled many lands B) owned a large number of ships C) travelled far and wide D) had many sons
38. According to lines 6 and 7, Jupiter now gives Priam A) a proud and lasting empire B) unhealthy old age C) war and death D) wives for his sons
39. The person referred to by the pronoun **tibi** (lines 7 and 8) is A) Achilles B) Hector C) Jupiter D) Priam
40. In the last sentence, Achilles reminds Priam that soon Jupiter will give him A) favors, then sorrows B) a new kingdom C) another son D) victory in battle