Directions: Print this out and bring it to class so we can use it for sight reading. At home, reread the portions we did in class and finish anything we didn't do together.

Aeneid IV.206-222

"Iuppiter omnipotēns, cui nunc Maurūsia pictīs
gēns epulāta torīs Lēnaeum lībat honōrem,
aspicis haec? An tē, genitor, cum fulmina torquēs,
nēquīquam horrēmus, caecīque in nūbibus ignēs
terrificant animōs et inānia murmura miscent?
Fēmina, quae nostrīs errāns in fīnibus urbem
exiguam pretiō posuit, cui lītus arandum
cuique locī lēgēs dedimus, cōnūbia nostra
reppulit, ac dominum Aenēān in rēgna recēpit.
Et nunc ille Paris cum sēmivirō comitātū,
Maeoniā mentum mitrā crīnemque madentem
subnexus, raptō potitur: nos mūnera templīs
quippe tuīs ferimus fāmamque fovēmus inānem."
Tālibus ōrantem dictīs ārāsque tenentem
audiit Omnipotēns, oculōsque ad moenia torsit
rēgia et oblitōs fāmae meliōris amantēs.
Tum sīc Mercurium adloquitur ac tālia mandat:

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Aeneid IV.223-237

"Vāde age, nāte, vocā Zephyrōs et lābre pennīs
Dardaniumque ducem, Tyriā Karthāgine quī nunc
exspectat fātīsque datās nōn respicit urbēs,
adloquere et celerēs dēfer mea dicta per aurās.
Nōn illum nōbīs genetrīx pulcherrima tālem
prōmīsit, Graiumque ideō bis vindicat armīs;
sed fore quī gravidam imperiīs bellōque frementem
Ītaliam rēgeret, genus altō ā sanguine Teucrī
prōderet, ac tōtum sub lēgēs mitteret orbem.
Sī nūlla accendit tantārum glōria rērum,
nec super ipse suā mōlītur laude labōrem,
Ascaniōne pater Rōmānās invidet arcēs?
Quid struit? Aut quā spē inimicā in gente morātur
nec prōlem Ausoniam et Lāvīnia respicit arva?
Nāviget! Haec summa est, hic nostrī nuntius estō."

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Aeneid IV.238-255

Dīxerat. Ille patris magnī pārēre parābat
imperiō; et prīmum pedibus tālāria nectit
aurea, quae sublīmem ālīs sīve aequora suprā
seu terram rapidō pariter cum flāmine portent.
Tum virgam capit: hāc animās ille ēvocat Orcō
pallentēs, aliās sub Tartara trīstia mittit,
dat somnōs adimitque, et lūmina morte resignat.
Illā frētus agit ventōs et turbida trānat
Nūbila. Iamque volāns apicem et latera ardua cernit
Atlantis dūrī caelum quī vertice fulcit,
Atlantis, cīnctum adsiduē cui nūbibus ātrīs
pīniferum caput et ventō pulsātur et imbrī,
nix umerōs īnfūsa tegit, tum flūmina mentō
praecipitant senis, et glaciē riget horrida barba.
Hīc prīmum paribus nītēns Cyllēnius ālīs
cōnstitit; hinc tōtō praeceps sē corpore ad undās
mīsit avī similis, quae circum lītora, circum
piscōsōs scopulōs humilis volat aequora iuxtā.

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Aeneid IV.256-271

Haud aliter terrās inter caelumque volābat
lītus harēnōsum Libyae, ventōsque secābat
māternō veniēns ab avō Cyllēnia prōlēs.
Ut prīmum ālātīs tetigit māgālia plantīs,
Aenēān fundantem arcēs ac tēcta novantem
Cōnspicit. Atque illī stēllātus iaspide fulvā
ēnsis erat Tyriōque ardēbat mūrice laena
dēmissa ex umerīs, dīves quae mūnera Dīdō
fēcerat, et tenuī tēlās discrēverat aurō.
Continuō invādit: "Tū nunc Karthāginis altae
fundāmenta locās pulchramque uxōrius urbem
exstruis? Heu, rēgnī rērumque oblīte tuārum!
Ipse deum tibi mē clārō dēmittit Olympō
rēgnātor, caelum ac terrās quī nūmine torquet;
ipse haec ferre iubet celerēs mandāta per aurās:
Quid struis? Aut quā spē Libycīs teris ōtia terrīs?

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Aeneid IV.272-287

Sī tē nūlla movet tantārum glōria rērum,
[nec super ipse tuā mōlīris laude labōrem,]
Ascanium surgentem et spēs hērēdis Iūlī
respice, cui rēgnum Ītaliae Rōmānaque tellūs
dēbētur." Tālī Cyllēnius ōre locūtus
mortalēs vīsūs mediō sermōne relīquit
et procul in tenuem ex oculīs ēvānuit auram.
At vērō Aenēās aspectū obmūtuit āmēns,
arrēctaeque horrōre comae et vōx faucibus haesit.
Ardet abīre fugā dulcēsque relinquere terrās,
attonitus tantō monitū imperiōque deōrum.
Heu quid agat? Quō nunc rēgīnam ambīre furentem
audeat adfātū? Quae prīma exordia sūmat?
Atque animum nunc hūc celerem nunc dīvidit illūc
in partēsque rapit variās perque omnia versat.
Haec alternantī potior sententia vīsa est: